

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1.-20 (Canceled)

21. (Currently amended) A cavity-embedded antenna comprising:
a ground plane having a cavity depending therefrom in a central region thereof;
a slotted plane spaced from said ground plane and overlying the opening of said cavity,
said plate having a pair of crossed slots therein defining a pair of bowtie antennas, said bowtie
antennas having triangular-shaped elements, the apices of opposed triangular-shaped elements
forming feed points for the associated bowtie antennas;

a number of shunting elements across the distal ends of respective slots, the spacing of
said shunting elements to said apices determining the transmission line impedance associated
with the slots, said shunting elements including lossy dielectric material having a resistivity to
provide that said shunting elements act as absorbers whereby said antenna is loaded by said
slotline transmission lines.

22. (Previously presented) The antenna of Claim 21, wherein the distal ends of said slots are
terminated by said plate, the distal ends of said slots being closed.

23. (Previously presented) The antenna of Claim 21, wherein the distal ends of said slots are
open and wherein said shunting elements are sufficiently close to the distal ends of said slots that
the associated transmission lines provide the requisite impedance to cancel the reactance of said
antenna.

24. (Previously presented) The antenna of Claim 21, wherein said shunting elements include conductive material so as to short respective slots of said shunt elements.

25. (Cancel)

26. (Currently amended) The antenna of ~~Claim 25~~ Claim 21, wherein said lossy dielectric material is in the form of a resistive plastic sheet.

27. (Currently amended) ~~The antenna of Claim 21, wherein A cavity-embedded antenna comprising:~~

a ground plane having a cavity depending therefrom in a central region thereof;

a slotted plane spaced from said ground plane and overlying the opening of said cavity, said plate having a pair of crossed slots therein defining a pair of bowtie antennas, said bowtie antennas having triangular-shaped elements, the apices of opposed triangular-shaped elements forming feed points for the associated bowtie antennas;

a number of shunting elements across the distal ends of respective slots, the spacing of said shunting elements to said apices determining the transmission line impedance associated with the slots, whereby said antenna is loaded by said slotline transmission lines, said pair of bowtie antennas ~~are~~ being fed at respective feed points such as to give said antenna a linear polarization or a circular polarization, depending on the phasing of the signals applied to said feed points.

28. (Withdrawn) A method for providing a wide bandwidth to a cavity-embedded quadrature-phased antenna including opposed bowtie antennas adjacent the cavity thereof, the bowtie antennas having a crossed slot structure between the bowtie elements thereof, comprising the steps of:

shunting the slots between adjacent bowtie elements with shunts, such that said slots function as transmission lines; and,

adjusting the position of the shunts such that the transmission line impedance associated with the slots cancels the reactance of the antenna across the operating bandwidth thereof.

29. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 28, wherein the cavity of the cavity-embedded antenna has a side/depth ratio greater than 3.

30. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 28, wherein said shunts include electrically conductive material so as to short the slotted transmission lines.

31. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 28, wherein said shunts include absorptive material in the form of a lossy dielectric.

32. (Withdrawn) A method for reducing the cost of a wide bandwidth quad type bowtie cavity-embedded antenna over that associated with a meander line loaded quad type bowtie antenna formed by the gaps between adjacent bowtie elements, comprising the step of replacing

the meander lines that permit a miniaturized antenna to have sufficient gain over a wide bandwidth with shunts across the slots of the antenna, the shorted slotted transmission line formed thereby providing an impedance that reduces or cancels the reactance of the antenna over the operating bandwidth thereof.

33. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 32, wherein said shunts include electrically conductive material so as to short the associated slots.

34. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 32, wherein said shunts include absorptive material in the form of a lossy dielectric.

35. (Withdrawn) In a quad configuration bowtie-type cavity-embedded antenna having bowtie elements spaced apart in a single plane to form slots that are shunted to provide a wide bandwidth operation, the bowtie elements lying in spaced adjacently to the cavity of the antenna, the cavity having a top portion that exists as an aperture in a ground plane, a method for controlling the capacitance of the antenna, comprising the steps of:

providing that the distal ends of the bowtie elements extend outwardly beyond the top periphery of the cavity to overlap the ground plane;

spacing the bowtie elements an adjustable distance above the ground plane carrying the cavity; and,

adjusting the spacing of the bowtie elements above the ground plane, thus to adjust the capacitance of the antenna.

36. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 35, and further including the step of adjusting the overlap to adjust the capacitance of the antenna.
37. (Withdrawn) In a quad configuration bowtie-type cavity-embedded antenna having bowtie elements spaced apart in a single plane to form slots that are shunted to provide a wide bandwidth operation, the bowtie elements lying in spaced adjacently to the cavity of the antenna, the cavity having a top portion that exists as an aperture in a ground plane, a method for controlling the capacitance of the antenna comprising the steps of:
- locating the bowtie elements at the top of the cavity; and,
- providing that the distal ends of the bowtie elements extend downwardly into the cavity to form downwardly-depending tabs, the spacing of the downwardly-depending tabs from the cavity walls permitting adjustment of the capacitance of the antenna.